

Interop

The PROMISE and PERILS of HIGHLY INTERCONNECTED SYSTEMS

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Interoperability »

In early June 2012, Urs Gasser and John Palfrey released Interoperability: The Promise and Perils of Highly Interconnected Systems. The book is inspired by their 2005 study and paper —"Breaking Down Digital Barriers: When and How Information and ICT Interoperability Drives Innovation"—which examined the relationship between interoperability and innovation in the ICT environment. The book builds a theory of interoperability, and then illustrates how that theory works and why interoperability is relevant for consumers, companies, governments, and the public. more >

Book Information »

Breaking Down Digital Barriers »

Interoperability Case Studies

NCCR Trade Regulation Papers

Interoperability Case Study: Intermodal Containers and Global Cargo Transport

This case study is part of an ongoing series developed in support of a larger text on interoperability by John Palfrey and Urs Gasser Interop: The Promise and Perils of Highly Interconnected Systems (Basic Books, June 2012). more >

Interoperability Case Study: The European Union as an Institutional Design for Legal Interoperability

This case study is part of an ongoing series developed in support of a larger text on interoperability by John Palfrey and Urs Gasser Interop: The Promise and Perils of Highly Interconnected Systems (Basic Books, June 2012). It looks into Electronic Data Interchange interoperability. **more** >

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interactive (multimedia)

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publications

interoperability case study: the european union as an institutional design for legal interoperability

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interactive

urs gasser and john palfrey on interop: the promise and perils of highly interconnected systems

related events (past)

INTEROP

• The ability to transfer and render useful data and other information across systems (including organizations), applications, or components.

"Art and science of working together"

What?

- ✓ Technological
- ✓ Data
- ✓ Human
- ✓ Institutional

Benefits

- / Innovation
- ✓ Competition
- Autonomy, flexibility, and choice
- ✓ Access, diversity, openness

Interop

Potential Risks

- ✓ Increased security, privacy risks
- ✓ Increased homogeneity
- ✓ Decreased reliability, accountability, accessibility
- ✓ Threats to business models

Approaches

- ✓ Non-regulatory
- ✓ Regulatory

Technological

 Hardware and code that allows connection

Data

 Ability of interconnected systems to understand each other

Interop

Institutional

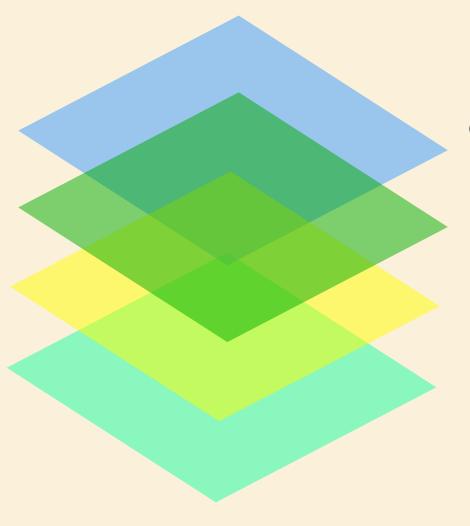
 Effective engagement of societal systems

Human

 Ability to understand and act on data exchanged

KEY FINDINGS

- Solutions to big societal problems increasingly depend on interop
- Interop relevant to both public and private sector
- Interop as design challenge within and across layers
- Optimum levels of interop, not maximum
- Benefits are manifold
 - Systems efficiency
 - User autonomy and choice
 - Innovation and economic growth



Institutional layer (Organizations, Law & Policy)

Human layer

Data layer

Technological layer

BENEFITS



Search

Hack the Graph

Build with the Open Graph. Integrate deeply into t experience. Grow lasting connections with your us

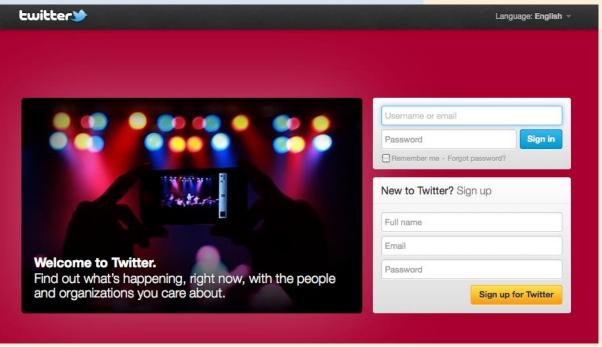
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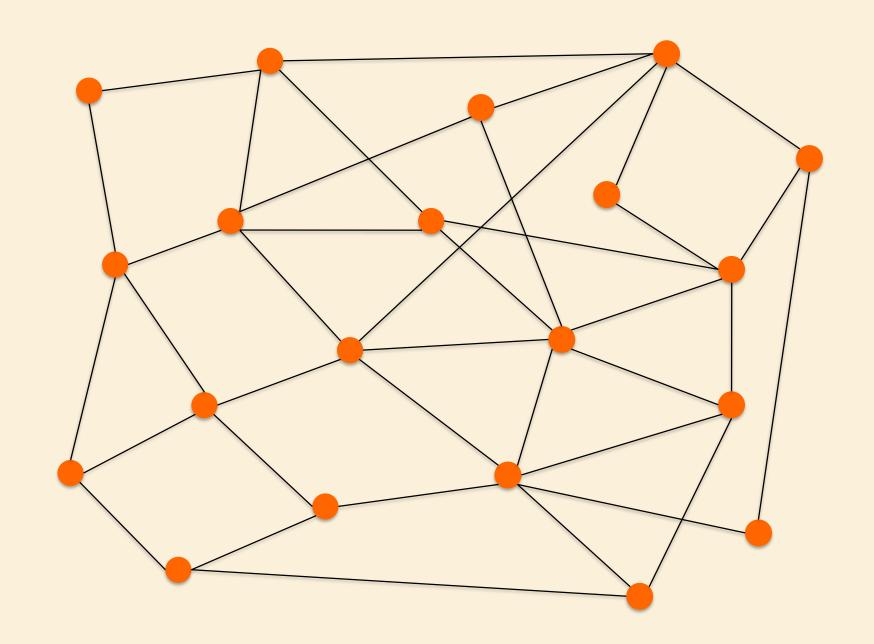


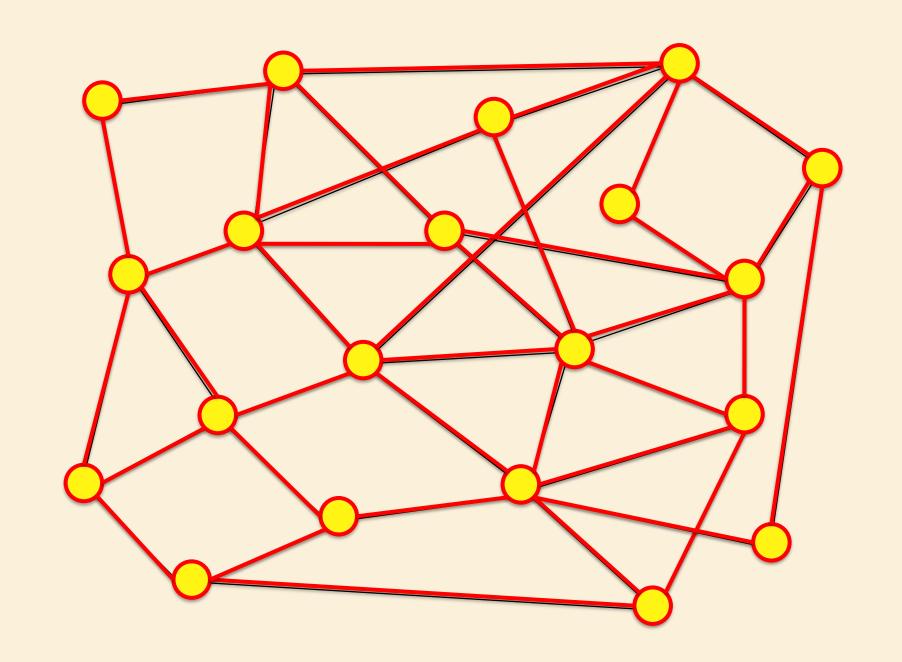


INNOVATION

- Interop competition innovation cycle
- Theories of innovation
 - Generativity (Zittrain)
 - User-driven innovation (Von Hippel)
 - Small-step innovations (Christensen)
- Caveat: Competition for the market; anti-competitive behavior (e.g. standards)
- Also: Diffusion of innovation (e.g. HDTV)

DOWNSIDES





PRIVACY & SECURITY RISKS

- Privacy and security as possible drawbacks of high interoperability (multiple entry points)
 - How about diversity?
- On balance, however, benefits outweigh risks
- Privacy and security as design/implementation problems
 - "Design" includes not only technology, but also law, social norms, and shaping of market forces

APPROACHES

- Achieving interop can take a long time
 - Many actors (e.g. health care)
 - Legacy problems (e.g. air traffic)
 - Complexity (e.g. smart grid)
- Many ways to work towards more interop
 - Private vs. public sector driven approaches
 - "legislation by threat"

"Unilateral" approaches

unilateral design mandating standards disclosure of information reverse engineering Non-regulatory Regulatory IP licensing transparency for consumers approaches approaches (private actors) (state actors) technical collaboration public procurement framework for cooperation open standard initiatives

"Collaborative" approaches

INTEROP STRATEGY

- In Digital Business, Interop strategy is key
 - Defensive, mixed, interconnected, truly interoperable approaches
 - Design, interfaces/APIs, licensing, collaboration
- Various factors shape strategy on markets with strong network effects
 - Initial competitive advantage (e.g. strong user base, reputation) suggests non-interop strategy
 - Case in point: Apple

CORPORATE STRATEGIES

DEFENSIVE APPROACH

- Sony PlayStation 3
- "HBO Go" & Games of Thrones
- Apple, Mac OSX and non Apple Hardware

MIXED APPROACH

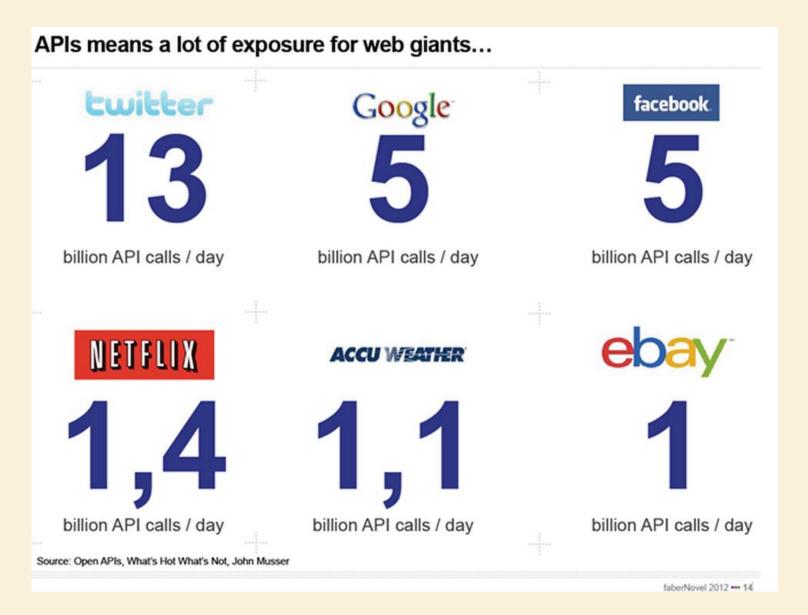
- iPods, iTunes, DRM + Record Labels
- iPod, iPhone + iPad Accessories
- Microsoft and Novell Joint Venture

HIGHLY INTERCONNECTED

- Google + Android
- Google's Open Social API
- History of Microsoft Windows

TRULY INTEROPERABLE

- Facebook
- Twitter
- Pinterest



http://nbry.wordpress.com/2013/02/10/open-innovation-and-distributed-business-model-through-api/

CHANGES OVER TIME

- A company's Interop strategy is likely to change over time
 - Example Microsoft (active role in cloud interop)
 - Example Twitter (more restrictive API use)
- Management of Interop strategy over time is essential
 - Not only tech and data interop, but also organizational, human, and legal interop

VIDEO LUMAscape

